

HUMANTRAFFICKING AND MODERN SLAVERY POLICY

UPDATED AND EFFECTIVE FROM 1ST APRIL 2023

1. Our values and principles

Ladli Foundation does not allow any partner, supplier, sub-contractor, agent or any individual engaged by Ladli Foundation to engage in human trafficking or modern slavery.

This policy applies to all persons working for us or on our behalf in any capacity, including employees at allevels, directors, officers, agency workers, seconded workers, volunteers, interns, agents, contractors, external consultants, third-party representatives and business partners.

2. What is human trafficking and modern slavery?

The Modern Slavery Act (MSA) 2015 covers four activities:

Slavery	Exercising powers of ownership over a person
Servitude	The obligation to provide services is imposed by the use of coercion
Forced or	Work or services are exacted from a person under the menace of any penalty
compulsory labour	and for which the person has not offered themselves voluntarily
Human trafficking	Arranging or facilitating the travel of another person with a view to their
	exploitation

Modern slavery, including human trafficking, is a crime and a violation of fundamental human rights. It takes various forms, such as slavery, servitude, forced and compulsory labour and human trafficking, all of which have in common the deprivation of a person's liberty by another in order to exploit them for personal or commercial gain. We have a zero-tolerance approach to modern slavery and we are committed to acting ethically and with integrity in all our business dealings and relationships and to implementing and enforcing effective systems and controls to ensure modern slavery is not taking place anywhere in our own business orin any of our supply chains.

3. Our approach to preventing human trafficking and modern slavery

Ladli Foundation is committed to preventing human trafficking and modern slavery, including through thefollowing means:

Awareness: Ensuring that all staff and those who work with Ladli Foundation are aware of the problem ofhuman trafficking and modern slavery.

Prevention: Ensuring, through awareness and good practice, that staff and those who work with Ladli Foundation minimise the risks of human trafficking and modern slavery.

Reporting: Ensuring that all staff and those who work with Ladli Foundation are clear on what steps totake where concerns arise regarding allegations of human trafficking and modern slavery.

Responding: Ensuring that action is taken to identify and address cases of human trafficking and modernslavery.

To help you identify cases of human trafficking and modern slavery, the following are examples of prohibited behaviour:

- a. <u>'chattel slavery'</u>, in which one person owns another person.
- b. 'Bonded labour' or 'debt bondage', which is when a person's work is the security for a debt effectively the person is on 'a long lease' which they cannot bring to an end, and so cannot leave their employer'. Often the conditions of employment can be such that the labourer can't pay off their debt and is stuck for life, because of low wages, deductions for food and lodging, and high interest rates.
- c. 'Serfdom', which is when a person has to live and work for another on the other's land.
- d. Other forms of forced labour, such as when passports are confiscated (sometimes by unscrupulous recruitment agencies) from migrant workers to keep them in bondage, or when a worker is 'kept in captivity' as a domestic servant. If a supplier or contractor appears to impose excessively harsh working conditions, or excessively poor wages, then you should always be alive tothe possibility that a form of forced labour is occurring, and take care with your due diligence.
- e. 'Child slavery', which is the transfer of a young person (under 18) to another person so that the young person can be exploited. Child labour may, in fact, be a form of child slavery, and should notbe tolerated. See the Ladli Foundation Child Safeguarding Policy for further details.
- f. 'Marital and sexual slavery', including forced marriage, the purchase of women for marriage, forced prostitution, or other sexual exploitation of individuals through the use or threat of force or other penalty.

4. The commitment we expect from commercial partners

We expect the same high standards from all of our contractors, suppliers and other business partners, and as part of our contracting processes, we may include specific prohibitions against the use of forced, compulsory ortrafficked labour, or anyone held in slavery or servitude, whether adults or children, and we expect that our suppliers will hold their own suppliers to the same high standards.

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